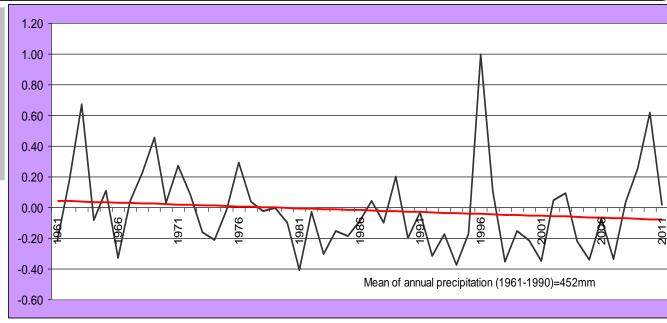
Drought conditions and management strategies in Morocco

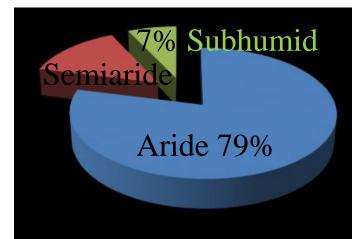
Drought Status Said EL KHATRI

Remarks on Moroccan rainfall and aridity:

Drought frequencies have risen from one event every 10 years at the beginning of the 20th century to 5 or 6 events every 10 years at the end of 20 st century and the beginning of the 21st century



Many regions in Morocco became more arid between 1961 and recent years



Drought Impacts in Morocco:

- The impacts of drought are **non-structural**, **complex** and **difficult to quantify** in Morocco
- Morocco's economy is vulnerable to water scarcity : reduction in GDP
 (its economy expanded only 2.4% in 2012, dragged down by drought-weakened agriculture sector, which was much lower than the government promised 7% growth)
- Crop production losses,
- **Loss to livelihood**, (mainly for poor farmers)
- **Country's demographic component** (exodus of countryside to the cities)

Emergency relief and drought response:

Morocco has longstanding experience in the development and implementation of programs to alleviate the impacts of drought. These programs are based on interventions aimed at:

- Securing safe drinking water for rural populations in particular
- Reserving livestock through feed distribution
- Implementing income and **job-creating activities** (maintenance of rural roads and irrigation infrastructures)
- Conserving forests and natural resources.

Drought monitoring and early warning systems:

- The seasonal forecasting system of DMN (Direction de la Météorologie Nationale) since 1994
- The Moroccan National System for crop monitoring and cereal yield prediction ('CGMS-since 2011)
- The SMAS project (Système maghrébin d'alerte précoce à la sécheresse): Early warning system for drought in Maghreb Region

Practices to alleviate drought impacts:

Institutional practices:

- In 1995, Morocco established the water law, which emphasis on integrated water resources management through better water use efficiency, resource allocation practices, and protection of water quality.
- Morocco is adopting an insurance approach in cereal production.

Preparation to drought and water scarcity situations:

•Maximizing storage of rainwater (more than 140 dams)

•Use of marginal resources (groundwater)

•Aquifer recharge

•Improved efficiency of water distribution networks

•Water transfers (in projection)

•Desalination

•Waste water reuse

•Artificial modification of Weather (since 1984)

Management measures:

•Water metering

- •Water markets (tariffs) and full cost recovery
- •Water saving campaigns for voluntary actions
- •Increase in the regulation capacity for irrigation purposes
- •Increase in the regulation capacity for urban supply

The need for knowledge and skills on drought management:

In Morocco, as in many developing countries, there are gaps in the management of drought and water scarcity. Certainly, many organizations are involved in drought management including:

Main advisory authorities:

- •Economic and Social Council (Committee on Environmental Affairs and Regional Development)
- •Superior Council for Water and Climate
- •Council for Agricultural Development
- •Permanent Inter-Ministerial Council for Rural Development
- •National Drought Observatory

Executive administration authorities

- •Ministry of Water (National Meteorological Office; Directorate General of Hydraulics, Water Basin Agencies, National Office of Water Drinking and Electricity)
- •Ministry of Agriculture and sea fishing (Regional Offices for Agricultural Development)
- •High Commissariat of Water, Forest and Fight against Desertification
- •Ministry of Interior (Directorate General of Local Collectivities, Directorate of Utilities and Services Licensed); Ministry of Finance; Ministry of Health; Ministry of General Affairs

A standard and complementary drought management approach is needed. This begins by strengthening the sharing of information on drought and the establishment of a global early warning system

Drought conditions and management strategies in Morocco



Merci

•Thank you