

2nd Pillar – Vulnerability

Contribution to a UNCCD, FAO, GWP, WMO review of practices and policy recommendations on “Drought impact and vulnerability assessment: A Rapid Review of Practices and policy recommendations”

- Asia: Vulnerability to drought is increasing due to deepening challenges to assess & recharge groundwater deficits. In India: increased responsibilities for assessment decentralized to State level.
- Sub-Saharan Africa: Innovative approaches to assessing economics of vulnerability & resilience. Major gaps remaining in hydrological monitoring systems to assess and manage hydrological drought in dry areas.

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- Regional activities (see Sections 3.2.2 & 3.2.3)
- For example, Historical drought impacts collection (1981 – 2016) in Danube Region & National Reporting Networks for agriculture sector

- Addition of material on pillars on IDMP website

Vulnerability & Impact Assessment

Examples of tools and databases

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Institution	Tool/database
National Drought Mitigation Center (NDMC)	Drought Impact Reporter
European Drought Center (EDC)	Drought Impact Database
UNISDR	Disinventar (Disaster Information Management System)
Centre for Research on the Epidemiology of Disasters (CRED)	EM-DAT
UN SPIDER	UN SPIDER Knowledge Portal - Data Sources
GEF, UN Environment, IWA, DHI	Flood and Drought Portal

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Examples of reports

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Institution	Year	Report
WFP and Ministry of Disaster Management of Sri Lanka	2017	Sri Lanka Joint Assessment of Drought Impact on Food Security and Livelihoods
Federal Government of Somalia with support by the World	2018	Somalia drought impact and needs assessment (Vol. 1): Synthesis report; (Vol. 2) Sector